1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO MUNICIPALITIES; AMENDING SECTIONS OF THE
3	MUNICIPAL CODE; CLARIFYING THE GOVERNING LAW OF MAYOR-COUNCIL
4	FORMS OF GOVERNMENT; PROVIDING PROCEDURES FOR FILLING
5	VACANCIES; PROVIDING PROCEDURES FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF
6	OFFICIALS AND VOTING ON MATTERS BEFORE A GOVERNING BODY;
7	CLARIFYING MAYORAL AUTHORITY, POWERS AND DUTIES; PROVIDING
8	PROCEDURES FOR THE NOMINATION AND APPOINTMENT OF EMPLOYEES
9	AND OFFICIALS; CODIFYING THE MAYOR AND GOVERNING BODY'S LACK
10	OF AUTHORITY OVER JUDICIAL BRANCH AFFAIRS; REQUIRING
11	ORGANIZATIONAL MEETINGS; PROVIDING THAT APPOINTED MEMBERS OF
12	A GOVERNING BODY ARE NOT SUBJECT TO MERIT-SYSTEM ORDINANCES;
13	REQUIRING MEMBERS OF A GOVERNING BODY TO RECUSE THEMSELVES
14	FROM VOTING WHEN TRUE OR PERCEIVED CONFLICTS OF INTEREST
15	EXIST; SPECIFYING PROCEDURES FOR SUCH RECUSALS; REMOVING THE
16	REQUIREMENT THAT SPECIAL ELECTIONS OCCUR WITHIN NINETY DAYS
17	OF THE ADOPTION OF AN ORDINANCE TO CHANGE THE NUMBER OF
18	MEMBERS OF A GOVERNING BODY OR TRUSTEES OR SUCH A PETITION;
19	AMENDING THE POWERS AND DUTIES OF A GOVERNING BODY; AMENDING
20	THE POWERS OF A COMMISSION IN A COMMISSION-MANAGER FORM OF
21	GOVERNMENT.
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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO: SECTION 1. Section 3-11-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 300, Section 14-10-1) is amended to read:

"3-11-1. APPLICABILITY.--

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A. The provisions of Sections 3-11-1 through 3-11-7 NMSA 1978 are applicable only to those municipalities governed under the mayor-council form of government and that have not elected to be governed under the commission-manager form of government.

B. In the event that a home rule municipality has adopted procedures in the municipality's charter that conflict with the provisions of Chapter 3, Article 11 or 12 NMSA 1978, the municipality's charter shall govern."

SECTION 2. Section 3-11-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965,
 Chapter 300, Section 14-10-2) is amended to read:

"3-11-2. MAYOR--VACATED OFFICE--APPOINTMENT BY
GOVERNING BODY.--In case of the death, disability,
resignation or change of residence from the municipality of
the mayor, the governing body shall appoint a qualified
elector to fill the vacancy of the office of the mayor by a
majority vote of the members of the governing body that are
present; provided that:

A. the governing body shall vote at the next meeting immediately following the vacancy to fill the vacancy if the vacancy has not been filled within fifteen days after the vacancy occurred; and provided further that so long as the vacancy remains unfilled, the item shall be included on each subsequent governing body meeting agenda until the

vacancy is filled;

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B. the qualified elector appointed to fill the vacancy shall serve until the next regular local election or municipal officer election, whichever is applicable, when a qualified elector shall be elected to fill the remaining unexpired term, if any; and

C. a resigning mayor shall not select a nominee or be involved in the appointment of a successor to fill a vacancy in the office of mayor."

SECTION 3. Section 3-11-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 300, Section 14-10-3) is amended to read:

"3-11-3. MAYOR--PRESIDING OFFICER OF GOVERNING BODY--LIMITATION ON VOTE--QUORUM.--

A. The mayor of a municipality is the presiding officer of the governing body and shall constitute a member of the governing body for purposes of determining whether a quorum exists.

B. In all municipalities, the mayor shall vote
only when there is a tie vote between members of a governing
body; provided that the mayor is vested with the authority to
break a tie vote in all circumstances, including matters
requiring an affirmative vote of a supermajority of members
of the governing body.

24 C. A member of a governing body presiding as the 25 mayor pro tem shall retain the ability to vote as a member of HB 298 Page 3

the governing body but shall not vote as a mayor in the event of a tie vote as provided pursuant to Subsection B of this section."

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SECTION 4. Section 3-11-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 300, Section 14-10-4) is amended to read:

"3-11-4. MAYOR--CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER--POWERS.--The mayor is the chief executive officer and shall:

8 Α. enforce the ordinances and regulations of the 9 municipality;

Β. exercise within the municipality the authority, indirectly through the use of police personnel, to suppress 11 disorders and keep the peace; and 12

C. perform other duties compatible with the 13 mayor's office that the governing body may require; provided 14 that such performance is in accordance with state law or the 15 municipality's charter." 16

SECTION 5. Section 3-11-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 300, Section 14-10-5, as amended) is amended to read:

"3-11-5. ORGANIZATIONAL MEETING--MAYOR--APPOINTMENT OF 19 20 OFFICERS AFTER ELECTION .--

A. After each regular local election or municipal 21 officer election, the governing body shall hold an 22 organizational meeting no earlier than fifteen days but no 23 later than twenty-one days after the newly elected officials 24 25 begin their terms. Such a meeting may constitute a special HB 298

meeting or a regular meeting of the governing body.

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B. At the organizational meeting of the governing body, the mayor shall submit, for confirmation by the governing body, the names of persons who shall fill the appointive offices of the municipality.

6 C. The failure of the mayor to nominate an appointee to the governing body for appointment to office at 7 8 the organizational meeting does not preclude the mayor from doing so at a subsequent meeting. If the governing body 9 10 fails to confirm any person as an appointive official of the municipality, the mayor at the next regular meeting of the 11 governing body may submit the name of a previous nominee or 12 another person to fill the appointed office of the 13 municipality. Failure to fill a vacant office shall not 14 15 constitute malfeasance of an elected official.

D. Any person holding an appointed office at the time of the regular local election or municipal officer election shall continue in that office until the person's successor has been appointed and is qualified."

20 SECTION 6. Section 3-11-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965,
21 Chapter 300, Section 14-10-6) is amended to read:

22 "3-11-6. MAYOR--AUTHORITY TO APPOINT, SUPERVISE AND
 23 DISCHARGE EMPLOYEES.--

24A. Subject to the approval of a majority vote of25all members of the governing body, the mayor shall:HB 298

1 (1) appoint all officers and employees 2 except those holding elective office; and 3 (2) designate an employee to perform any service authorized by the governing body. 4 5 Β. The mayor may appoint temporary employees as required for the proper administration of municipal affairs. 6 7 The employee shall serve only until the next regular meeting 8 of the governing body at which a quorum is present. The 9 temporary employment shall cease, and the employee shall not 10 be reappointed unless appointment is confirmed by the governing body. A temporary employee is entitled to usual, 11 ordinary and reasonable compensation for services rendered to 12 the municipality. 13 C. Only the mayor shall: 14 15 (1) supervise the employees of the municipality; 16 (2) examine the grounds of reasonable 17 complaint made against any employee; and 18 cause any violations or neglect of the (3) 19 20 employees' duties to be corrected promptly or reported to the proper authority for correction and punishment. 21 Subject to the limitation of a merit system D. 22 ordinance of the municipality: 23 the governing body may discharge an 24 (1)appointed official or employee by a majority vote of all the 25

members of the governing body; and

(2) the mayor may discharge an appointed official or employee upon the approval of a majority vote of all the members of the governing body.

5 Ε. The mayor may suspend an appointed official or 6 employee until the next regular meeting of the governing 7 body, at which time the suspension shall be approved or 8 disapproved by a majority vote of all the members of the 9 governing body. If the suspension of the appointed official 10 or employee is disapproved by the governing body, the suspended appointed official or employee shall be paid the 11 compensation that the appointed official or employee was 12 entitled to receive during the time of the suspension. 13

F. Any appointed official or employee who isdischarged shall:

16 (1) upon the official's or employee's 17 request, be given, by the mayor in writing, a list of reasons 18 for the discharge; and

19 (2) be paid any vacation pay that may have
20 accrued, subject to the limitations of a merit system
21 ordinance.

G. Neither the mayor nor the governing body shall
supervise, hire, discipline or terminate any employee,
personnel or judge of the judicial branch.

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H. Appointed members shall not be subject to a HB 298

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merit system ordinance."

2 SECTION 7. Section 3-11-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, 3 Chapter 300, Section 14-10-7) is amended to read: "3-11-7. ADDITIONAL POWERS OF MAYOR.--The mayor shall 4 5 sign all commissions, licenses and permits granted by the governing body and other acts that the law or ordinances may 6 require, or the commissions, licenses and permits may be 7 8 authenticated as authorized pursuant to the: 9 Uniform Facsimile Signature of Public Officials Α. 10 Act; Β. Uniform Electronic Transactions Act; and 11 C. Electronic Authentication of Documents Act." 12 SECTION 8. Section 3-12-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, 13 Chapter 300, Section 14-11-1, as amended) is amended to read: 14 15 "3-12-1. VACANCY ON GOVERNING BODY--APPOINTMENT--16 PROCEDURES.--A vacancy on the governing body of a mayor-17 Α. council municipality shall be filled by appointment of a 18 qualified elector by the mayor of the municipality, with the 19 20 advice, the consent and a majority vote of the members of the governing body that are present; provided that the governing 21 body shall vote at the next meeting immediately following the 22 vacancy to fill the vacancy if the vacancy has not been 23 filled within fifteen days after the vacancy occurred; and 24 provided further that so long as the vacancy remains 25

unfilled, the item shall be included on each subsequent governing body meeting agenda until the vacancy is filled.

B. A qualified elector appointed to fill a vacancy on the governing body shall serve until the next regular local election or municipal officer election, whichever is applicable, at which time a qualified elector shall be elected to fill the remaining unexpired term, if any."

SECTION 9. Section 3-12-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 300, Section 14-11-2, as amended) is amended to read:

"3-12-2. GOVERNING BODY--CORPORATE AUTHORITY--LEGISLATIVE BODY--MEMBERS OF A GOVERNING BODY AND BOARDS OF TRUSTEES--QUORUM--RECUSAL.--

A. The corporate authority of a municipality is vested in the governing body that shall constitute the legislative branch of the municipality and shall not perform any executive functions except those functions assigned to it by law.

B. A majority of the members of the governing body
currently serving is a quorum for the purpose of transacting
business. All members of the governing body present at a
meeting are counted toward a quorum.

C. Unless otherwise provided by law, a question
before the governing body shall be decided by a majority vote
of the members present.

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D. A member of a governing body shall recuse the HB 298

member's self from a vote only when a true or perceived conflict of interest exists regarding an item currently being deliberated by the governing body. Upon the recusal at such meeting, the governing body member shall state the conflict of interest on the record and then leave the meeting room until deliberation on that item has concluded. A recusal or abstention of a governing body member is counted as a vote neither for nor against a question before the governing body.

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Ε. The governing body of a municipality having a 9 10 mayor-council form of government is the governing body or board of trustees whose members are the mayor and not less 11 than four or more than ten members of the governing body or 12 trustees. Any governing body of more than six members of the 13 governing body or trustees may provide by ordinance for the 14 15 election of two members of the governing body or trustees for each ward or district or create or abolish wards or districts 16 or alter the boundary of existing wards or districts; 17 provided that only one member of the governing body or 18 trustee shall be elected from a ward or district at any one 19 20 election.

F. In those municipalities with a mayor-council form of government, when there is a requirement that a certain fraction or percentage of the members of the entire governing body or of all the members of the governing body or of the entire membership of the governing body or other

similar language other than the requirement of a simple majority vote for the measure, the mayor shall not be counted in determining the actual number of votes needed but shall vote to break a tie vote as provided in Section 3-11-3 NMSA 1978, unless the mayor has declared a conflict of interest.

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G. The governing body of a municipality may redistrict the municipality whenever redistricting is warranted. Upon petition signed by qualified electors equal in number to the votes cast for the member of the governing body or trustee receiving the greatest number of votes at the last regular municipal election, the governing body of the municipality shall redistrict the municipality."

SECTION 10. Section 3-12-2.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1981, Chapter 198, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"3-12-2.1. GOVERNING BODY--MAYOR-COUNCIL--CHANGE IN NUMBER OF MEMBERS.--

A. The number of members of the governing body or board of trustees of a municipality having a mayor-council form of government may be changed as set forth in this section; provided such number shall not be less than or more than that number specified in Subsection E of Section 3-12-2 NMSA 1978.

B. The members of a governing body may adopt an
ordinance that increases or decreases the number of members
of the governing body or trustees and call an election on

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that question in accordance with the Election Code.

2 The governing body of the municipality shall С. 3 adopt an election resolution calling an election on the 4 question of approving or disapproving a change in the number 5 of members of a governing body or trustees if there is filed 6 with the municipal clerk a petition requesting an election on such a change and the petition is signed by at least five 7 percent of the number of registered voters of the 8 The petition shall specify the number of 9 municipality. 10 members of the governing body in addition to the mayor that shall constitute the governing body of the municipality. 11 The petition shall be validated by the municipal clerk by 12 verification that it contains the required number of 13 signatures of registered voters. The election resolution 14 15 shall be adopted within thirty days after the petition is verified by the municipal clerk. 16

D. A special election to approve or disapprove a change in the number of members of the governing body or trustees shall be held at the first available election in which the question can be placed on the ballot in accordance with the provisions of the Election Code. The municipality shall pay for the cost of the election.

E. If at an election called pursuant to this
section a majority of the registered voters voting on the
question of changing the number of members of the governing

body or trustees vote in favor of such change, all members of the governing body or trustees shall serve until their current term of office expires. At each of the subsequent two regular municipal elections, one-half of the newly required number of members of the governing body or trustees shall be elected.

F. If a majority of the registered voters voting on the question of changing the number of members of the governing body or trustees disapproves or approves of such change, then such change in the number of members shall not be considered again for a period of four years from the date of the election."

SECTION 11. Section 3-12-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965,
Chapter 300, Section 14-11-3, as amended) is amended to read:
"3-12-3. GOVERNING BODY--POWERS AND DUTIES.--

A. The governing body of a municipality having amayor-council form of government shall:

18 (1) elect one of its members to act as mayor 19 pro tem in the absence of the mayor;

20 (2) possess all powers granted by law and
21 other municipal powers not conferred by law or ordinance on
22 another officer of the municipality;

(3) manage and control the finances and allproperty, real and personal, belonging to the municipality;

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(4) determine the time and place of holding

1 its meetings, which shall be open to the public; 2 (5) determine and adopt the rules of its own 3 proceedings at an organizational meeting; 4 keep minutes of its proceedings, which (6) 5 shall be open to examination by any citizen; 6 adopt rules and regulations necessary to (7) effect the powers granted municipalities; 7 8 (8) prescribe the compensation and fees to 9 be paid municipal officers and employees; 10 (9) prescribe the powers and duties of those officers whose terms of office or powers and duties are not 11 defined by law and impose additional powers and duties upon 12 those officers whose powers and duties are prescribed by law; 13 and 14 15 (10) have the authority to cross-commission public safety officers by resolution; provided that the 16 resolution shall be renewed at each subsequent meeting of the 17 governing body as necessary. 18 Β. The governing body of a municipality having a 19 20 mayor-council form of government may: (1) remit the fine of any person convicted 21 of a violation of a municipal ordinance; and 22 (2) compel the attendance of absent members 23 in such manner and under such penalties as it deems 24 desirable. 25 HB 298 Page 14

1 C. The mayor or a majority of the members of the 2 governing body may call special meetings by notice to each 3 member of the governing body, personally served or left at 4 the member's usual place of residence; provided that such 5 meetings shall be in accordance with the Open Meetings Act." SECTION 12. Section 3-14-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, 6 Chapter 300, Section 14-13-12) is amended to read: 7 "3-14-12. POWERS VESTED IN COMMISSION--DUTIES OF 8 COMMISSION.--9 10 Α. All powers of the municipality are vested in the commission. The commission shall: 11 pass all ordinances and other measures 12 (1)conducive to the welfare of the municipality; 13 (2) perform all acts required for the 14 15 general welfare of the municipality; in addition to the office of manager, 16 (3) create all offices necessary for the proper carrying on of 17 the work of the municipality; and 18 have the authority to cross-commission 19 (4) 20 public safety officers by resolution; provided that the resolution shall be renewed at each subsequent meeting of the 21 commission as necessary. 22 Β. The commission shall appoint a manager and 23 shall hold the manager responsible for the proper and 24 HB 298 25 efficient administration of the municipal government."____ Page 15