AN ACT

RELATING TO ANIMALS; AMENDING DEFINITIONS IN THE LIVESTOCK
CODE; ALLOWING FERTILITY CONTROL, RELOCATION AND ADOPTION OF
FREE-ROAMING HORSES UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; ALLOWING A
FREE-ROAMING HORSE EXPERT TO IMPLEMENT FREE-ROAMING HORSE
HERD MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES ON CERTAIN LAND THROUGH CERTAIN
METHODS; REQUIRING THE NEW MEXICO LIVESTOCK BOARD TO APPROVE
THE QUALIFICATIONS OF A FREE-ROAMING HORSE EXPERT; ALLOWING
THE NEW MEXICO LIVESTOCK BOARD TO MAKE RULES REGARDING THE
APPROVAL OF THE QUALIFICATIONS OF A FREE-ROAMING HORSE
EXPERT; PROHIBITING THE SLAUGHTER OR EXPORT FOR SLAUGHTER OF
FREE-ROAMING HORSES; PROVIDING A PENALTY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 77-2-1.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 248, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"77-2-1.1. DEFINITIONS.--As used in The Livestock Code:

A. "animals" or "livestock" means all domestic or domesticated animals that are used or raised on a farm or ranch, including the carcasses thereof, and exotic animals in captivity and includes equines, cattle, sheep, goats, swine, bison, poultry, ostriches, emus, rheas, camelids and farmed cervidae upon any land in New Mexico. "Animals" or "livestock" does not include canine or feline animals or free-roaming horses;

H. "carcasses" means dead or dressed bodies of livestock or parts thereof;

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I. "cattle" means animals of the genus bos, including dairy cattle, and does not include any other kind of livestock;

free-roaming horses using castration or non-surgical

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R. "free-roaming horse" means an unclaimed horse found at large that is not an estray due to lack of evidence of private ownership or domestication and does not include horses subject to the jurisdiction of the federal government pursuant to the federal Wild Free-Roaming Horses and Burros Act;

- S. "free-roaming horse expert" means a person registered and authorized by the board as qualified to perform free-roaming horse or herd management services;
- T. "inspector" means a livestock or brand inspector;
- U. "livestock inspector" means a certified inspector who is granted full law enforcement powers for enforcement of The Livestock Code and other criminal laws relating to livestock;
- V. "mark" means an ear tag or ownership mark that
 is not a brand;
- W. "meat" means the edible flesh of poultry, birds or animals sold for human consumption and includes livestock, poultry and livestock and poultry products;
- X. "mule" means a hybrid resulting from the cross of a horse and a donkey; and
- Y. "person" means an individual, firm, partnership, association, corporation or similar legal

2	SECTION 2. Section 77-2-30 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005,	
3	Chapter 236, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:	
4	"77-2-30. EQUINE RESCUE OR RETIREMENT FACILITY	
5	REGISTRATIONBOARD POWERS AND DUTIESFEES	
6	A. As used in this section, "facility" means an	
7	equine rescue or retirement facility.	
8	B. A facility shall not operate in New Mexico	
9	unless registered by the board.	
10	C. The board shall:	
11	(1) register facilities that meet the	
12	requirements of this section and rules promulgated by the	
13	board;	
14	(2) consult with representatives from the	
15	equine industry, equine rescue organizations and	
16	veterinarians on facility standards; and	
17	(3) after consideration of recommendations	
18	by national organizations for the care of unwanted equines	
19	and equine rescue and retirement facilities, promulgate rules	
20	for facilities, including:	
21	(a) health and sanitary requirements;	
22	(b) standards for barns, paddocks,	
23	pastures and ranges;	
24	(c) qualifications of the facility	
25	staff;	HJC/HB 284 Page 5

entity."

1	(d) provision of veterinary care;	
2	(e) feeding and watering requirements;	
3	(f) transportation;	
4	(g) a process to issue a temporary	
5	capacity waiver to a facility for the purpose of transferring	
6	equines in the custody of the board to a facility; and	
7	(h) other requirements necessary to	
8	ensure the humane care of equines.	
9	D. The board may establish civil fines not	
10	exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per violation for	
11	violations of this section and rules related to equine rescue	
12	and retirement facilities promulgated by the board.	
13	E. The board may charge the following fees:	
14	(l) an initial inspection and registration	
15	fee of not more than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250);	
16	(2) an annual inspection and registration	
17	fee of not more than one hundred dollars (\$100); and	
18	(3) reinspection fees of not more than one	
19	hundred dollars (\$100).	
20	F. Fees collected pursuant to this section shall	
21	be deposited in the New Mexico livestock board general fund	
22	and may be used to carry out the provisions of this section	
23	and Section 77-2-31 NMSA 1978."	
24	SECTION 3. A new section of Chapter 77, Article 2 NMSA	

1978 is enacted to read:

surveys;

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(1)

(2) determining the ownership status of

conducting free-roaming horse herd

2	(3) analyzing the carrying capacity of land	
3	in conjunction with environmental health; and	
4	(4) understanding free-roaming horse	
5	habitat, biology, behavior, management strategies and	
6	population dynamics.	
7	C. The board shall:	
8	(1) promulgate rules regarding the	
9	determination and approval of qualifications and registration	
10	of free-roaming horse experts and may establish civil fines	
11	not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per violation for	
12	violations of Subsection A of this section;	
13	(2) register free-roaming horse experts that	
14	meet the requirements of this section and the rules	
15	promulgated by the board; and	
16	(3) revoke the registration of a	
17	free-roaming horse expert that fails to comply with Section	
18	77-18-5 NMSA 1978, or related rules, and apply other	
19	penalties that the board deems appropriate.	
20	D. The board may charge the following fees:	
21	(1) an initial approval fee of not more than	
22	five hundred dollars (\$500); and	
23	(2) an annual registration fee of not more	
24	than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).	
25	E. Fees collected pursuant to this section shall	HJC/HB 284 Page 8

land;

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be deposited in the New Mexico livestock board general fund and may be used to carry out the provisions of this section."

SECTION 4. Section 77-18-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2007, Chapter 216, Section 1) is repealed and a new Section 77-18-5 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"77-18-5. FREE-ROAMING HORSES--HUMANE MANAGEMENT-FERTILITY CONTROL--PROHIBITIONS.--

A. A state, county or municipal government or governmental subdivision may enter into an agreement with a registered free-roaming horse expert to conduct free-roaming horse surveys and management and determine land carrying capacity. If a registered free-roaming horse expert determines as part of the agreement that the free-roaming horse or herd exceeds the carrying capacity of the land inhabited, the expert or the expert's agents may cause control of a free-roaming horse or herd upon the approval of the appropriate landowner through:

- (1) the use of fertility control via immunocontraception or castration;
- (2) humane capture and relocation to an equine rescue or retirement facility, with permission of the facility, having the capacity to accept free-roaming horses that is registered with the board pursuant to Section 77-2-30 NMSA 1978 or an equivalent out-of-state facility that meets the board's facility standards for lifelong sanctuary care or

- (3) humane capture and relocation to land, with the permission of the landowner, that has the capacity to sustain free-roaming horse herds or family bands; or
- (4) for a horse determined by a veterinarian licensed to practice in New Mexico to suffer from a medical condition that significantly impacts the horse's quality of life and cannot be reasonably treated, humane euthanasia.
- B. A free-roaming horse captured and relocated to an equine rescue or retirement facility pursuant to this section shall be microchipped or freeze branded for individual and ownership identification purposes.
- C. A free-roaming horse expert shall not enter private land or state land without the permission of the owner or lessee of that land.
- D. A free-roaming horse expert shall not engage in herd management activities on federal land without the appropriate federal entity's permission or on tribal land without the appropriate tribal entity's permission.
- E. Nothing in this section shall affect the federal bureau of land management's or the United States forest service's authority to manage free-roaming horses that are not subject to the federal Wild Free-Roaming Horses and Burros Act and found on lands administered by the federal

bureau of land management or the United States forest service, including the federal bureau of land management's or the United States forest service's authority to gather, remove and sell free-roaming horses in accordance with applicable law, regulations and policy.

F. A person shall not knowingly slaughter, sell for slaughter, cause or allow to be slaughtered, transport for slaughter or release from an equine rescue or retirement facility or adoptive home into the wild a free-roaming horse. A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced in accordance with the provisions of Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978. Each free-roaming horse that is slaughtered, sold for slaughter, caused or allowed to be slaughtered, transported for slaughter or released in violation of this subsection constitutes a separate offense.

G. As used in this section:

- (1) "adoption" means the taking of custody and ownership of a free-roaming horse by a qualified individual who has demonstrated to the equine rescue or retirement facility in possession of that horse the capacity and intent to provide humane treatment and care of the animal, including proper feeding, sheltering, husbandry, handling and care;
 - (2) "carrying capacity" means the number of

1	free-roaming horses that a given amount of land can support	
2	long-term while maintaining or improving healthy vegetation,	
3	soil, water and free-roaming horse herds inhabiting that	
4	land, taking into account human uses, including livestock	
5	grazing and other agricultural uses, and wildlife	
6	populations;	
7	(3) "humane capture" means to gather or move	
8	free-roaming horses to a holding location using baited	
9	corrals or other low-stress methods whenever feasible, but	
10	does not include use of aircraft or motorized vehicles; and	
11	(4) "humane euthanasia" means to produce a	
12	humane death of an animal by standards deemed acceptable by	
13	the board of veterinary medicine as set forth in the board's	
14	rules."	НЈС/НВ 28
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